Supplementary Table 1. Baseline characteristics of 192 Crohn's disease subjects with univariate and multivariate analysis of demographic and clinical factors associated with disability.

	Univariate analysis		Multivariate analysis	
Variable	IBD-DI (IQR)	P value	B (95% CI)	P value
(Constant)			20.48 (3.62 to 37.36)	.018
Age ≤35 years (n=110) Age >35 years (n=82)	26 (14-39) 27 (13-39)	.961 ^a	0.01 (-0.26 to 0.27) ^b	.968
Male (n=98) Female (n=94)	21 (12-38) 31 (17-40)	.007 ^a	4.97 (0.22 to 9.73)	- .040
Body mass index <25 (n=85) ^c Body mass index 25-29 (n=76) Body mass index ≥30 (n=28)	25 (13-39) 27 (15-39) 27 (13-40)	.952 ^d	0.18 (-0.35 to 0.70) ^b	.503
Disease duration ≤ 5 years (n=85) Disease duration > 5 years (n=107)	27 (11-38) 25 (14-43)	.394 ^a	-0.06 (-0.44 to 0.32) ^b	.749
Small bowel disease (n=49) ^e Colonic disease (n=53) Small bowel and colonic disease (n=89)	29 (13-43) 23 (13-38) 27 (16-39)	.546 ^d	0.22 (-6.52 to 6.95) 0.33 (-5.33 to 5.99)	- .949 .907
No perianal disease (n=160) Perianal disease (n=32)	27 (13-39) 28 (13-41)	.925 ^a	-0.49 (-7.03 to 6.04)	- .882
Student (n=32) Employed/Homemaker (n=103) Unemployed (n=44) Retired (n=13)	29 (13-43 25 (13-38) 36 (18-48) 14 (6-27)	.007 ^d	-4.09 (-11.11 to 2.94) -1.58 (-9.98 to 6.83) -19.62 (-33.63 to -5.60)	.252 .712 . 006
Education to 16 years (n=43) ^c Education to 18 years (n=52) Third level (University) education (n=94)	32 (21-46) 27 (14-41) 23 (13-38)	.067 ^d	-3.68 (-10.38 to 3.02) -4.97 (-11.47 to 1.53)	- .280 .133
No current anti-depressant (n=276) ^b Current anti-depressant (n=44)	25 (13-38) 39 (19-53)	.007 ^a	- 10.27 (3.45 to 17.09)	.003
No current cigarette smoking (n=270) ^b Current cigarette smoking (n=57)	25 (13-38) 32 (18-43)	.065 ^a	- 1.15 (-4.65 to 6.96)	- .695
No resectional surgery (n=111) Previous bowel resection (n=63) Permanent stoma surgery (n=18)	23 (13-36) 30 (17-43) 37 (10-54)	.035 ^d	4.88 (-0.55 to 10.30) 2.50 (-6.48 to 11.48)	- .078 .583
No current steroid (n=160) Current steroid (n=32)	25 (13-38) 36 (22-46)	.008 ^a	8.35 (1.96 to 14.73)	.011
No current immune modulator (n=124) Current immune modulator (n=68)	29 (13-42) 23 (14-37)	.286 ^a	-1.85 (-6.60 to 2.89)	- .442
No current biologic (n=230) Current biologic (n=99)	26 (14-38) 27 (11-46)	.550 ^a	3.03 (-1.98 to 8.05)	- .234
Inactive disease (n=241) Active disease (n=88)	23 (13-36) 36 (24-46)	<.001 ^a	7.62 (2.38 to 12.86)	.005

Dummy variables for the multivariate analysis included male sex, Small bowel Crohn's, no perianal disease, retired subjects, Education to 16 years, no current antidepressant use, no cigarette smoking, no resectional surgery, no exposure to steroid medications, immune modulators or biologic agents, and disease remission. Univariate data are presented as medians and interquartile ranges (IQR) and multivariate data as B and 95% confidence intervals (CI).

^aMann-Whitney U test.

^bEntered into multivariate model as a continuous variable.

^cData not available for all cases.

^dKruskal-Wallace test.

^eA single Crohn's disease subject had only perianal disease.

Supplementary Table 2. Baseline characteristics of 137 ulcerative colitis subjects with univariate and multivariate analysis of demographic and clinical factors associated with disability.

	Univariate analysis		Multivariate analysis		
Variable	IBD-DI (IQR)	P value	B (95% CI)	P value	
(Constant)			18.21 (-0.38 to 36.80)	.055	
Age ≤35 years (n=58) Age >35 years (n=79)	21 (14-34) 21 (9-32)	.303ª	-0.27 (-0.50 to -0.05) ^b	.019	
Male (n=73) Female (n=64)	20 (9-29) 24 (14-35)	.037 ^a	- 4.37 (-0.39 to 9.14)	.071	
Body mass index <25 (n=52) ^c Body mass index 25-29 (n=48) Body mass index ≥30 (n=33)	20 (10-33) 22 (9-32) 23 (11-32)	.983 ^d	0.09 (-0.34 to 0.51) ^b	- .684	
Disease duration ≤ 5 years (n=70) Disease duration > 5 years (n=67)	21 (10-32) 21 (11-32)	.703 ^a	0.06 (-0.29 to 0.42) ^b	.729	
Ulcerative proctitis (n=13) Ulcerative colitis left colon (n=67) Ulcerative colitis total colon (n=57)	23 (4-30) 23 (11-32) 18 (10-29)	.465 ^d	1.33 (-6.89 to 9.55) -1.53 (-10.03 to 6.97)	- .749 .723	
Student (n=9) Employed/Homemaker (n=100) Unemployed (n=16) Retired (n=12)	20 (8-42) 18 (9-30) 32 (25-48) 24 (16-33)	.021 ^d	1.48 (-9.41 to 12.37) 13.10 (0.59 to 26.62) 12.99 (-2.84 to 28.82)	.789 . 040 .107	
Education to 16 years (n=26) ^c Education to 18 years (n=39) Third level (University) education (n=70)	27 (7-34) 18 (7-31) 20 (14-33)	.453 ^d	-1.07 (-8.59 to 6.45) 2.10 (-5.43 to 9.63)	- .779 .582	
No current anti-depressant use (n=121) ^c Current anti-depressant use (n=13)	20 (10-30) 30 (21-47)	.045 ^a	7.31 (-0.94 to 15.56)	.082	
No cigarette smoking (n=121) ^c Cigarette smoking (n=15)	20 (9-32) 23 (13-52)	.406 ^a	4.69 (-2.82 to 12.20)	- .218	
No resectional surgery (n=122) Previous bowel resection (n=9) Permanent stoma surgery (n=6)	22 (11-32) 20 (9-46) 13 (5-29)	.573 ^d	- 0.82 (-9.77 to 11.41) -7.31 (-19.05 to 4.44)	- .878 .220	
No current steroid (n=104) Current steroid (n=33)	18 (9-30) 29 (19-39)	.001 ^a	- 6.61 (0.88 to 12.33)	.024	
No current immune modulator (n=95) Current immune modulator (n=42)	23 (9-32) 20 (14-33)	.688ª	1.90 (-3.37 to 7.17)	- .476	
No current biologic (n=108) Current biologic (n=29)	21 (13-32) 23 (9-36)	.862ª	0.01 (-6.03 to 6.06)	- .997	
Inactive disease (n=101) Active disease (n=36)	18 (8-27) 37 (21-51)	<.001 ^a	- 15.48 (9.92 to 21.05)	<.001	

Dummy variables for the multivariate analysis included male sex, ulcerative proctitis, retired subjects, Education to 16 years, no current antidepressant use, no cigarette smoking, no resectional surgery, no exposure to steroid medications, immune modulators or biologic agents, and disease remission. Univariate data are presented as medians and interquartile ranges (IQR) and multivariate data as B and 95% confidence intervals (CI).

^aMann-Whitney U test.

^bEntered into multivariate model as a continuous variable.

^cData not available for all cases.

^dKruskal-Wallace test.

Supplementary Table 3. Factor loadings of principle component analyses.

One-factor model ^a				
Question	Factor loading			
1 General Health	0.636			
2 Sleep	0.670			
3 Energy	0.736			
4 Depression	0.745			
5 Anxiety	0.661			
6 Body Image	0.571			
7 Abdominal pain	0.669			
8 Bowel function	0.588			
9 Health and diet	0.710			
10 Personal relationships	0.652			
11 Community participation 0.716				
12 Work/study activities	0.785			
13 Liquid stools	0.400			
14 Arthralgia/arthritis	0.244			

Supplementary Table 4. Final Cox backward regression models identifying baseline factors significantly and independently related to short-term and long-term disease activity.

Short-term disease activity with treatment escalation				
	Coefficient β	Standard error	Relative Risk (95% confidence intervals)	P value
Disease remission baseline Active disease baseline	- 1.883	- 0.220	1 6.575 (4.274-10.116)	- <.0001
Disease duration ^a	-0.053	0.017	0.948 (0.917-0.981)	.002
IBD-DI at baseline ^a	0.017	0.006	1.017 (1.005-1.029)	.004

Long-term disease activity with treatment escalation				
	Coefficient β	Standard error	Relative Risk (95% confidence intervals)	P value
IBD-DI at baseline ^a	0.016	0.004	1.016 (1.008-1.024)	<.001
Participant age ^a	-0.015	0.006	0.985 (0.974-0.996)	.007

^aEntered into multivariate model as a continuous variable.